Berkeley Algebraic Statistics Seminar

Organizer(s): Andrew Critch and Shaowei Lin

Wednesday, 2:00–3:00pm, 939 Evans

Dec 7 Guido Montufar, UC Berkeley Submodels of Deep Belief Networks

Deep Belief Networks (DBNs) constitute the prime example of deep learning architectures. They have shown to be promising feature extractors for high-dimensional real world data. This poses many questions about the geometry of the corresponding generative models. Recent research [1,2] has shed light into the geometry of a closely related model; the Restricted Boltzmann Machine. In this talk I follow our ideas from [2] and discuss submodels and approximation errors of DBNs.

[1] M. A. Cueto, J. Morton, and B. Sturmfels. *Geometry of the Restricted Boltzmann Machine*. In M. A. G. Viana and H. P. Wynn, editors, Algebraic methods in statistics and probability II, AMS Special Session. AMS, 2010.

[2] G.M., J. Rauh, N. Ay. Expressive Power and Approximation Errors of Restricted Boltzmann Machines, to appear in NIPS 2011,

Preprint: http://www.mis.mpg.de/publications/preprints/2011/prepr2011-27.html